

# Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System, Inc.

## 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is ground water drawn from the Sand and Gravel Aquifer through a series of three wells. Treatment consists of chlorine for disinfection purposes and lime/phosphate solution for pH adjustment.

In emergencies, we have the capability of purchasing treated water from Pace Water Systems by means of our inter-connect on Avalon Boulevard. This interconnect is used, primarily, to aid us in controlling water pressure fluctuations on the southern end of the system due to water main leaks. During the months of April and May, we used approximately 4,133,000 gallons of water from the Pace Water System. The water source for Pace Water Systems is also ground water which they pump from 10 wells in the Sand and Gravel

Aquifer. Their water treatment consists of chlorination and lime addition. For more information concerning the Pace Water System, their testing results for 2020, or how you can obtain a copy of their Water Quality Report, you may contact their business office at 4401 Woodbine Road in Pace, visit their website at <http://www.pacewater.org/water-quality-report> or call (850) 994-5129.

If you have any questions or concerns about the information provided, please contact **Victor Lee**, Operator at (850) 623-8508. We encourage our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled board meetings. They are held on the second Thursday of every month at 5:00 p.m. at the water system office location: 6368 Da Lisa Road.

In 2020 the Department of Environmental Protection performed a Source Water Assessment on our System. The assessment was conducted to provide information about any potential sources of contamination in the vicinity of our wells. A search of the data sources indicated no potential sources of contamination. The Pace Water System also had a Source Water Assessment performed by DEP in 2020. There were seven (7) potential sources of contamination identified for the Pace system with low to moderate susceptibility levels. These assessment results are available on the FDEP Source Water Assessment and Protection Program website at [www.dep.state.fl.us/swapp](http://www.dep.state.fl.us/swapp).

Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System, Inc. routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws, rules, and regulations. Except where indicated otherwise, this report is based on the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup> 2020. Data obtained before January 1, 2020, and presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations. As authorized and approved by EPA, the State has reduced monitoring requirements for certain contaminants to less often than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of our data, though representative, is more than one year old.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- (A) **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- (B) **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- (C) **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- (D) **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- (E) **Radioactive contaminants**, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and

potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

*MCLs are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated contaminants, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.*

**Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).**

In the following table you will find terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL** - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG** - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Action Level (AL)** - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Non-Detects (ND)** - means not detected and indicates that the substance was not found by laboratory analysis.

**Non-Applicable (N/A)** - does not apply.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** – one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/l)** – one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

**Picocurie per liter (pCi/L)** - measure of the radioactivity in water.

Note: The following test results for inorganic contaminants are a compilation of results from both the Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System (BGPWS) and the Pace Water Systems. While the test results for Microbiological Contaminants, Lead and Copper Tap Sampling and TTHMs and D/DBP parameters are solely from the Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System.

## 2020 WATER QUALITY RESULTS TABLE

### Radioactive Contaminants (PACE)

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radium 226 + 228 or combined radium (pCi/L)	03/17	N	2.46	ND-2.46	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits

### Inorganic Contaminants (PACE & BGPWS)

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium (ppm)	03/20 & 06/20	N	0.031	ND – 0.031	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	03/20 & 06/20	N	1.7	ND – 1.7	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Lead (point of entry) (ppb)	03/20 & 06/20	N	0.7	ND – 0.7	0	15	Residue from man-made pollution such as auto emissions and paint; lead pipe, casing, and solder
Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (ppm)	03/20 & 06/20	N	1.6	ND – 1.6	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium (ppm)	03/20 & 06/20	N	5.5	2.5 – 5.5	N/A	160	Salt water intrusion, leaching from soil

### Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products (BGPWS)

Disinfectant or Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL or MRDL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (ppm) Stage 1	09/20	N	0.39	0.31 – 0.45	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4.0	Water additive used to control microbes

### Lead and Copper Tap Sampling (BGPWS)

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Sample Date (mo./yr.)	AL Violation Y/N	90 <sup>th</sup> % Percentile Result	# Sampling Sites Exceeding AL	MCLG	AL	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper (tap water) (ppm)	09/20	N	0.32	0 of 20	1.3	AL = 1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (tap water) (ppb)	09/20	N	4.9	1 of 20	0	AL = 15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires monitoring of over 80 drinking water contaminants. Those contaminants listed in the table above are the only contaminants detected in your drinking water.

We failed to complete required sampling for Disinfection By-Products accurately and on time and therefore were in violation of monitoring and reporting requirements. Because we did not collect the required number of samples in the month of July, we did not know whether the contaminants were present in your drinking water, and we are unable to tell you whether your health was at risk during that time. The monitoring period was 07/01/20 through 07/31/20. One sample was required for each contaminant, and none were taken. We are reviewing our plans more carefully to ensure we take proper samples in the future.

Disinfection Residual reports were submitted late to DEP and therefore we incurred a reporting violation. These have been addressed and we have installed plans to ensure that we submit the samples in a timely manner in accordance with requirements. The following table includes when the reports were due and when they were submitted:

1Q 2020	Report due 04/10/20	Received 06/04/20
2Q 2020	Report due 07/10/20	Received 02/23/21
3Q 2020	Report due 10/10/20	Received 02/23/21
4Q 2020	Report due 01/10/21	Received 02/23/21

We here at the Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap, keeping in mind not only the immediate needs of the community, but also the need for a safe and adequate water supply for generations to come. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

In our continuing efforts to maintain a safe and dependable water supply it may be necessary to make improvements in your water system. Rate adjustments may be necessary in order to address these improvements. Thank you for understanding.

Visit our billing website anytime at: <https://bagdadgarcon.merchanttransact.com/> to register your account and/or make payments. Credit or debit cards may be used when making payments at this website.